in the possession of the Governor on <u>May 10</u> that is not returned on or before June 30 of that year becomes a statute.

- (3) Any other bill presented to the Governor that is not returned within 12 days becomes a statute.
- (4) If the Legislature by adjournment of a special session prevents the return of a bill with the veto message, the bill becomes a statute unless the Governor vetoes the bill within 12 days after it is presented by depositing it and the veto message in the office of the Secretary of State.
- (5) If the 12th day of the period within which the Governor is required to perform an act pursuant to paragraph (3) or (4) of this subdivision is a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the period is extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.
  - (c) xxxxxxxx (no longer used)
- (d) The Legislature may not present any bill to the Governor after *June* 15 of the legislative session.
- (e) The Governor may reduce or eliminate one or more items of appropriation while approving other portions of a bill. The Governor shall append to the bill a statement of the items reduced or eliminated with the reasons for the action. The Governor shall transmit to <u>the Legislature</u> a copy of the statement and reasons. Items reduced or eliminated shall be separately reconsidered and may be passed over the Governor's veto in the same manner as bills.

#### CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 11. The Legislature may by resolution provide for the selection of <u>no more than thirty committees</u>, <u>each served by two Legislative aides</u>, <u>one reporting to the ranking member of each political party and one Secretary, whose salaries shall be \$50,000, \$50,000 and \$35,000, respectively</u>, necessary for the conduct of its business,

#### CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

- SEC. 12. (a) Within the first 10 days of each calendar year, the Governor shall submit to the Legislature, with an explanatory message, a budget for the ensuing fiscal year containing itemized statements for recommended state expenditures and estimated state revenues. If recommended expenditures exceed estimated revenues, the Governor shall recommend the sources from which the additional revenues should be provided.
- (b) The Governor and the Governor-elect may require a state agency, officer or employee to furnish whatever information is deemed necessary to prepare the budget.
- (c) The budget shall be accompanied by a budget bill itemizing recommended expenditures. The bill shall be introduced immediately in each house by the persons chairing the committees that consider appropriations. The Legislature shall pass the budget bill by

midnight on June 15 of each year. In the event that the Legislature fails th meet the June 15<sup>TH</sup> date, the legislators shall not be paid until the budget bill is passed.

Until the budget bill has been enacted, the Legislature shall not send to the Governor for consideration any bill appropriating funds for expenditure during the fiscal year for which the budget bill is to be enacted, except emergency bills recommended by the Governor or appropriations for the salaries and expenses of the Legislature.

- (d) No bill except the budget bill may contain more than one item of appropriation, and that for one certain, expressed purpose. Appropriations from the General Fund of the State, except appropriations for the public schools, are void unless passed in each house by rollcall vote entered in the journal, two thirds of the membership concurring.
- (e) The Legislature may control the submission, approval, and enforcement of budgets and the filing of claims for all state agencies.

## CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 13. A member of the Legislature may not, during the term for which the member is elected, hold any office or employment under the State other than an elective office.

## CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 14. A member of the Legislature is not subject to civil process during a session of the Legislature or for 5 days before and after a session.

## CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 15. A person who seeks to influence the vote or action of a member of the Legislature in the member's legislative capacity by bribery, promise of reward, intimidation, or other dishonest means, or a member of the Legislature so influenced, is guilty of a felony.

# CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 16. (a) All laws of a general nature have uniform operation.

(b) A local or special statute is invalid in any case if a general statute can be made applicable.

## CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 17. The Legislature has no power to grant, or to authorize a city, county, or other public body to grant, extra compensation or extra allowance to a public officer, public employee, or contractor after service has been rendered or a contract has been entered into and performed in whole or in part, or to authorize the payment of a claim against the State or a city, county, or other public body under an agreement made without authority of law.

## CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

- SEC. 18. (a) The <u>Legislature has the sole</u> power of impeachment. Impeachments shall be tried by the <u>Legislature</u>. A person may not be convicted unless, by rollcall vote entered in the journal, two thirds of the membership of the <u>Legislature</u> concurs.
- (b) State officers elected on a statewide basis, members of the State Board of Equalization, and judges of state courts are subject to impeachment for misconduct in office. Judgment may extend only to removal from office and disqualification to hold any office under the State, but the person convicted or acquitted remains subject to criminal punishment according to law.

### CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

- SEC. 19. (a) The Legislature has no power to authorize lotteries, and shall prohibit the sale of lottery tickets in the State.
- (b) The Legislature may provide for the regulation of horse races and horse race meetings and wagering on the results.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the Legislature by statute may authorize cities and counties to provide for bingo games, but only for charitable purposes.
- (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), there is authorized the establishment of a California State Lottery.
- (e) The Legislature has no power to authorize, and shall prohibit, casinos of the type currently operating in Nevada and New Jersey.
- (f) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (e), and any other provision of state law, the Governor is authorized to negotiate and conclude compacts, subject to ratification by the Legislature, for the operation of slot machines and for the conduct of lottery games and banking and percentage card games by federally recognized Indian

tribes on Indian lands in California in accordance with federal law. Accordingly, slot machines, lottery games, and banking and percentage card games are hereby permitted to be conducted and operated on tribal lands subject to those compacts.

(f) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the Legislature may authorize private, nonprofit, eligible organizations, as defined by the Legislature, to conduct raffles as a funding mechanism to provide support for their own or another private, nonprofit, eligible organization's beneficial and charitable works, provided that (1) at least 90 percent of the gross receipts from the raffle go directly to beneficial or charitable purposes in California, and (2) any person who receives compensation in connection with the operation of a raffle is an employee of the private nonprofit organization that is conducting the raffle. The Legislature, two-thirds of the membership of each house concurring, may amend the percentage of gross receipts required by this subdivision to be dedicated to beneficial or charitable purposes by means of a statute that is signed by the Governor.

### CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 20. (a) The Legislature may provide for division of the State into fish and game districts and may protect fish and game in districts or parts of districts.

(b) There is a Fish and Game Commission of 5 members appointed by the Governor and approved by the Senate, a majority of the membership concurring, for 6-year terms and until their successors are appointed and qualified. Appointment to fill a vacancy is for the unexpired portion of the term. The Legislature may delegate to the commission such powers relating to the protection and propagation of fish and game as the Legislature sees fit. A member of the commission may be removed by concurrent resolution adopted by each house, a majority of the membership concurring.

### CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

- SEC. 21. To meet the needs resulting from war-caused or enemy-caused disaster in California, the Legislature may provide for:
- (a) Filling the offices of members of the Legislature should at least one fifth of the <u>membership of the Legislature</u> be killed, missing, or disabled, until they are able to perform their duties or successors are elected.
- (b) Filling the office of Governor should the Governor be killed, missing, or disabled, until the Governor or the successor designated in this Constitution is able to perform the duties of the office of Governor or a successor is elected.
  - (c) Convening the Legislature.

(d) Holding elections to fill offices that are elective under this Constitution and that are either vacant or occupied by persons not elected thereto.

(e) Selecting a temporary seat of state or county government.

#### CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 22. It is the right of the people to hold their legislators accountable. To assist the people in exercising this right, at the convening of each regular session of the Legislature, the President pro Tempore of the Legislature, and the minority leader of the Legislature shall report the goals and objectives of that house during that session and, at the close of each regular session, the progress made toward meeting those goals and objectives.

#### CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION ARTICLE 4 LEGISLATIVE

SEC. 28. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, no bill shall take effect as an urgency statute if it authorizes or contains an appropriation for either (1) the alteration or modification of the color, detail, design, structure or fixtures of the historically restored areas of the first, second, and third floors and the exterior of the west wing of the State Capitol from that existing upon the completion of the project of restoration or rehabilitation of the building conducted pursuant to Section 9124 of the Government Code as such section read upon the effective date of this section, or (2) the purchase of furniture of different design to replace that restored, replicated, or designed to conform to the historic period of the historically restored areas specified above, including the legislators' chairs and desks in the old Senate and Assembly Chambers.

(b) No expenditures shall be made in payment for any of the purposes described in subdivision (a) of this section unless funds are appropriated expressly for such purposes.

(c) This section shall not apply to appropriations or expenditures for ordinary repair and maintenance of the State Capitol building, fixtures and furniture.