new evaluator to his or her panel, selected at random, for each evaluator not available to see the employee within a specified period of time, but shall also permit the employee to waive this right for a specified period of time thereafter. The administrative director shall adopt regulations governing the provision of extensions of the 30-day period in both of the following cases: (A) where the evaluator has not received test results or consulting physician's evaluations in time to meet the 30-day deadline; and, (B) to extend the 30-day period by not more than 15 days when the failure to meet the 30-day deadline was for good cause. For purposes of this subdivision, "good cause" means any of the following:

- (i) medical emergencies of the evaluator or evaluator's family;
- (ii) death in the evaluator's family; or
- (iii) natural disasters or other community catastrophes that interrupt the operation of the evaluator's business.
- (2) Procedures to be followed by all physicians in evaluating the existence and extent of permanent impairment and limitations resulting from an injury. In order to produce complete, accurate, uniform, and replicable evaluations, the procedures shall require that an evaluation of anatomical loss, functional loss, and the presence of physical complaints be supported, to the extent feasible, by medical objective findings in support of medical evidence based on standardized examinations and testing techniques generally accepted by the medical community. Objective findings in support of medical evidence are verifiable indications of injury or disease that may include, but are not limited to, range of motion, atrophy, muscle strength, and palpable muscle spasm. Objective findings do not include physical findings or subjective responses to physical examinations that are not reproducible, measurable, or observable.
- (3) Procedures governing the determination of any disputed medical issues.
- (4) Procedures to be used in determining the compensability of psychiatric injury. The procedures shall be in accordance with Section 3208.3 and shall require that the diagnosis of a mental disorder be expressed using the terminology and criteria of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Third Edition-Revised, or the terminology and diagnostic criteria of other psychiatric diagnostic manuals generally approved and accepted nationally by practitioners in the field of psychiatric medicine.
- (5) Guidelines for the range of time normally required to perform the following:
- (A) A medical-legal evaluation that has not been defined and valued pursuant to Section 5307.6. The guidelines shall establish minimum times for patient contact in the conduct of the evaluations, and shall be consistent with regulations adopted pursuant to Section 5307.6.
- (B) Any treatment procedures that have not been defined and valued pursuant to Section 5307.1.
- (C) Any other evaluation procedure requested by the Insurance Commissioner or deemed appropriate by the administrative director.
- (6) Any additional medical or professional standards that a medical evaluator shall meet as a condition of appointment, reappointment, or maintenance in the status of a medical evaluator.

- (k) (1) Except as provided in this subdivision, the administrative director may, in his or her discretion, suspend or terminate the privilege of a physician to serve as a qualified medical evaluator if the administrative director, after hearing pursuant to subdivision (l), determines, based on substantial evidence, that a qualified medical evaluator:
- (1) (A) Has violated any material statutory or administrative duty.
- $\frac{(2)}{(B)}$ Has failed to follow the medical procedures or qualifications established by the administrative director pursuant to paragraph (2), (3), (4), or (5) of subdivision (j).
- (3) (C) Has failed to comply with the timeframe standards established by the administrative director pursuant to subdivision (i).
- (4) (D) Has failed to meet the requirements of subdivision (b) or (c).
- (5) (E) Has prepared medical-legal evaluations that fail to meet the minimum standards for those reports established by the administrative director or the appeals board.
- (6) (F) Has made material misrepresentations or false statements in an application for appointment or reappointment as a qualified medical evaluator.
- (2) No hearing shall be required prior to the suspension or termination of a physician's privilege to serve as a qualified medical evaluator when the physician has done either of the following:
- (A) Failed to timely pay the fee required pursuant to subdivision (n).
- (B) Had his or her license to practice in California suspended by the relevant licensing authority so as to preclude practice, or had the license revoked or terminated by the licensing authority.
- (1) The administrative director shall cite the qualified medical evaluator for a violation listed in subdivision (k) and shall set a hearing on the alleged violation within 30 days of service of the citation on the qualified medical evaluator. In addition to the authority to terminate or suspend the qualified medical evaluator upon finding a violation listed in subdivision (k), the administrative director may, in his or her discretion, place a qualified medical evaluator on probation subject to appropriate conditions, including ordering continuing education or training. The administrative director shall report to the appropriate licensing board the name of any qualified medical evaluator who is disciplined pursuant to this subdivision.
- (m) The administrative director shall terminate from the list of medical evaluators any physician where licensure has been terminated by the relevant licensing board, or who has been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony related to the conduct of his or her medical practice, or of a crime of moral turpitude. The administrative director shall suspend or terminate as a medical evaluator any physician who has been suspended or placed on probation by the relevant licensing board. If a physician is suspended or terminated as a qualified medical evaluator under this subdivision, a report prepared by the physician that is not complete, signed, and furnished to one or more of the parties prior to the date of conviction or action of the licensing board, whichever is earlier, shall not be admissible in any proceeding before the appeals board nor shall there be any liability for payment for the report and any expense incurred by the physician in connection with the report.

- (n) Each qualified medical evaluator shall pay a fee, as determined by the administrative director, for appointment or reappointment. Any qualified medical evaluator appointed prior to January 1, 1993, shall also pay the same fee as specified in accordance with this subdivision. These fees shall be based on a sliding scale as established by the administrative director. All revenues from fees paid under this subdivision shall be deposited into the Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund and are available for expenditure upon appropriation by the Legislature, and shall not be used by any other department or agency or for any purpose other than administration of the programs of the Division of Workers' Compensation related to the provision of medical treatment to injured employees.
- (o) An evaluator may not request or accept any compensation or other thing of value from any source that does or could create a conflict with his or her duties as an evaluator under this code. The administrative director, after consultation with the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation, shall adopt regulations to implement this subdivision.
- SEC. 6. Section 3201.5 of the Labor Code is amended to read: 3201.5. (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c), the Department of Industrial Relations and the courts of this state shall recognize as valid and binding any provision in a collective bargaining agreement between a private employer or groups of employers engaged in construction, construction maintenance, or activities limited to rock, sand, gravel, cement and asphalt operations, heavy duty mechanics, surveying, and construction inspection—and a union that is the recognized or certified exclusive bargaining representative that establishes any of the following:
- (1) An alternative dispute resolution system governing disputes between employees and employers or their insurers that supplements or replaces all or part of those dispute resolution processes contained in this division, including, but not limited to, mediation and arbitration. Any system of arbitration shall provide that the decision of the arbiter or board of arbitration is subject to review by the appeals board in the same manner as provided for reconsideration of a final order, decision, or award made and filed by a workers' compensation administrative law judge pursuant to the procedures set forth in Article 1 (commencing with Section 5900) of Chapter 7 of Part 4 of Division 4, and the court of appeals pursuant to the procedures set forth in Article 2 (commencing with Section 5950) of Chapter 7 of Part 4 of Division 4, governing orders, decisions, or awards of the appeals board. The findings of fact, award, order, or decision of the arbitrator shall have the same force and effect as an award, order, or decision of a workers' compensation administrative law judge. Any provision for arbitration established pursuant to this section shall not be subject to Sections 5270, 5270.5, 5271, 5272, 5273, 5275, and 5277.
- (2) The use of an agreed list of providers of medical treatment that may be the exclusive source of all medical treatment provided under this division.
- (3) The use of an agreed, limited list of qualified medical evaluators and agreed medical evaluators that may be the exclusive source of qualified medical evaluators and agreed medical evaluators under this division.
 - (4) Joint labor management safety committees.

- (5) A light-duty, modified job or return-to-work program.
- (6) A vocational rehabilitation or retraining program utilizing an agreed list of providers of rehabilitation services that may be the exclusive source of providers of rehabilitation services under this division.
- (b) Nothing in this section shall allow a collective bargaining agreement that diminishes the entitlement of an employee to compensation payments for total or partial disability, temporary disability, vocational rehabilitation, or medical treatment fully paid by the employer as otherwise provided in this division. The portion of any agreement that violates this subdivision shall be declared null and void.
 - (c) Subdivision (a) shall apply only to the following:
- (1) An employer developing or projecting an annual workers' compensation insurance premium, in California, of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more, or any employer that paid an annual workers' compensation insurance premium, in California, of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) in at least one of the previous three years.
- (2) Groups of employers engaged in a workers' compensation safety group complying with Sections 11656.6 and 11656.7 of the Insurance Code, and established pursuant to a joint labor management safety committee or committees, that develops or projects annual workers' compensation insurance premiums of two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more.
- (3) Employers or groups of employers that are self-insured in compliance with Section 3700 that would have projected annual workers' compensation costs that meet the requirements of, and that meet the other requirements of, paragraph (1) in the case of employers, or paragraph (2) in the case of groups of employers.
- (4) Employers covered by an owner or general contractor provided wrap-up insurance policy applicable to a single construction site that develops workers' compensation insurance premiums of two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more with respect to those employees covered by that wrap-up insurance policy.
- (d) Employers and labor representatives who meet the eligibility requirements of this section shall be issued a letter by the administrative director advising each employer and labor representative that, based upon the review of all documents and materials submitted as required by the administrative director, each has met the eligibility requirements of this section.
- (e) The premium rate for a policy of insurance issued pursuant to this section shall not be subject to the requirements of Section 11732 or 11732.5 of the Insurance Code.
- (f) No employer may establish or continue a program established under this section until it has provided the administrative director with all of the following:
- (1) Upon its original application and whenever it is renegotiated thereafter, a copy of the collective bargaining agreement and the approximate number of employees who will be covered thereby.
- (2) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, a valid and active license where that license is required by law as a condition of doing business in the state within the industries set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 3201.5.
- (3) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, a statement signed under penalty of perjury, that no action has been